



NOAA
FISHERIES

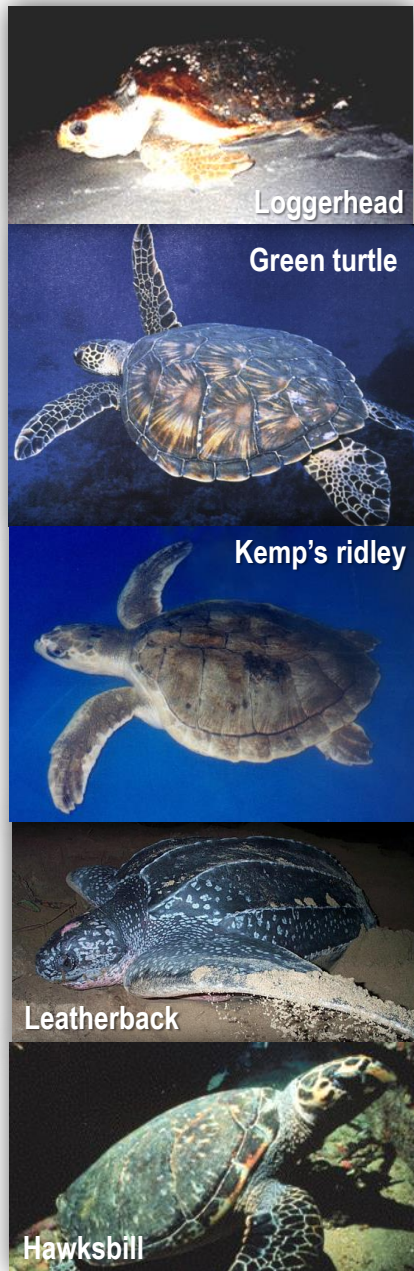
Southeast Fisheries Science Center

Protected Resources Science Program Review



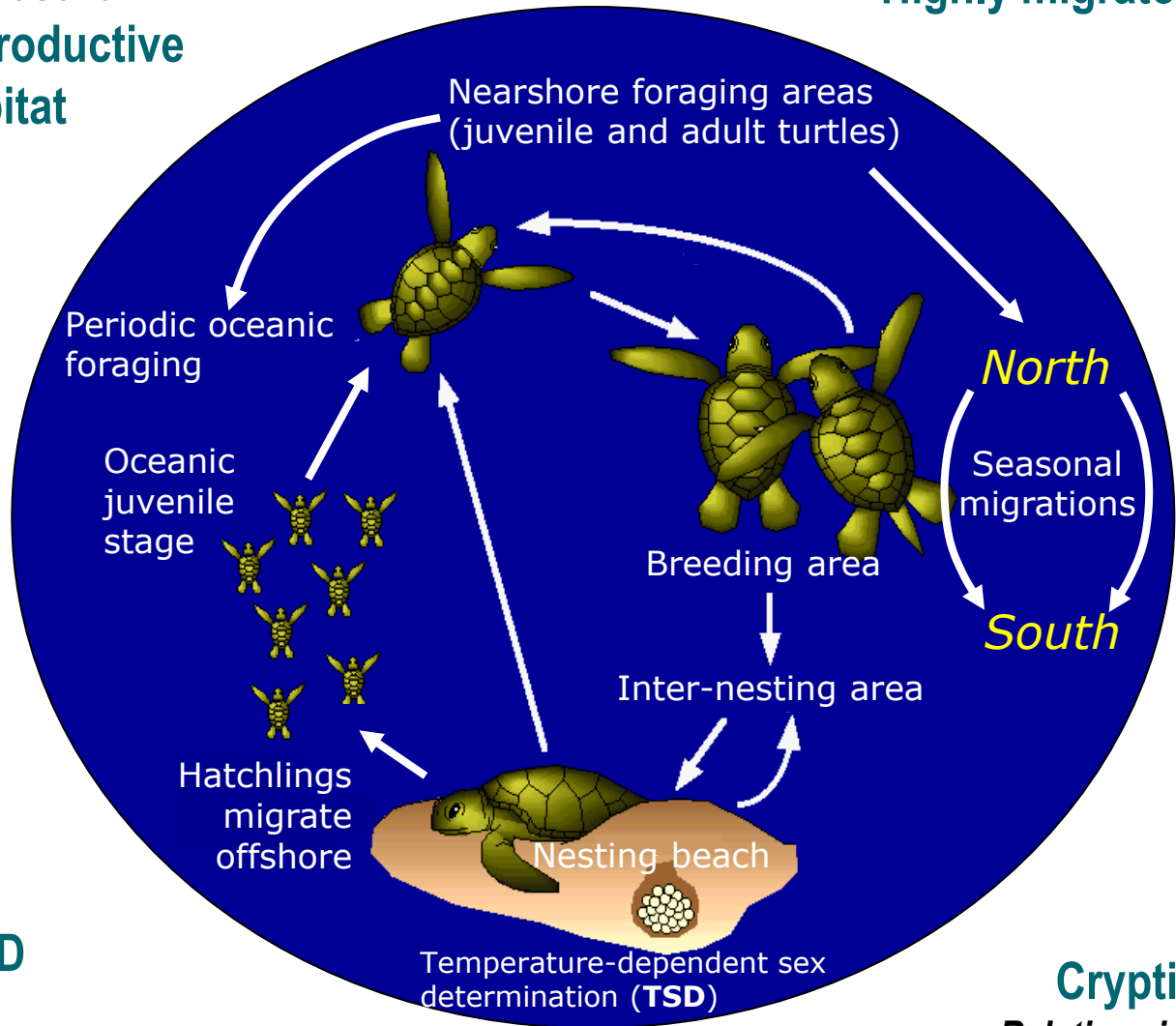
Sea Turtle Data Collection

**SEFSC and NEFSC
Sea Turtle Program Staff
August 2015**



**Terrestrial
reproductive
habitat**

Highly migratory



TSD

Delayed maturation

Cryptic

Relative size

Surfacing behavior

Guidance for sea turtle data collection efforts

- Protected Species Stock Assessment Improvement Plan (SAIP)
- National Research Council “Assessment of Sea-Turtle Status and Trends: Integrating Demography and Abundance”
- NMFS “Sea Turtle Assessment Status and Research Needs”

Priority information categories

1. Population (stock) identification
2. Life history/vital rates/demographics
3. Abundance
4. Anthropogenic Impacts —————→ Bycatch (Day 2)
5. Assessment frequency and quality —————→ Sea turtle Stock Assessments (Day 2)
6. Ecology

1. Population identification

Nesting sites, density, movements, morphometrics

Genetics

- Sample collection
(strandings, bycatch, directed capture)
(LaCasella et al. 2013)
- Genetics Expert Working Group support



<i>Species</i>	Loggerhead		Green sea turtle		Kemp's ridley		Leatherback		Hawksbill	
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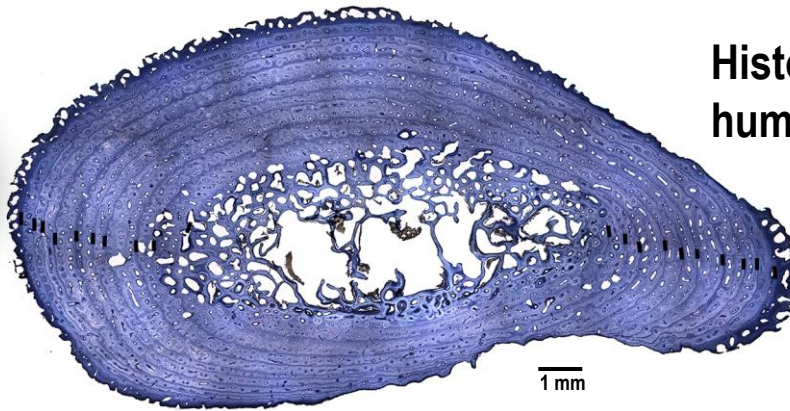
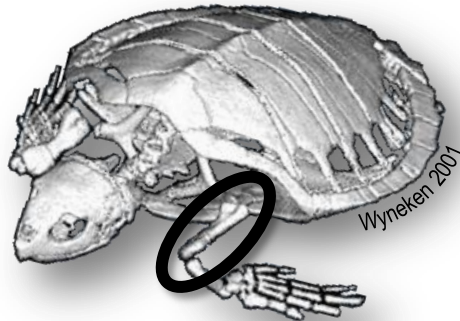
2. Life history/vital rates/demographics

Age and growth

- **Capture-mark-recapture studies** (Braun-McNeill et al. 2008)
- **Skeletochronology** (Avens et al. 2013)



Humerus bone



Histologically-processed humerus cross-section

— Skeletal growth mark lateral edges

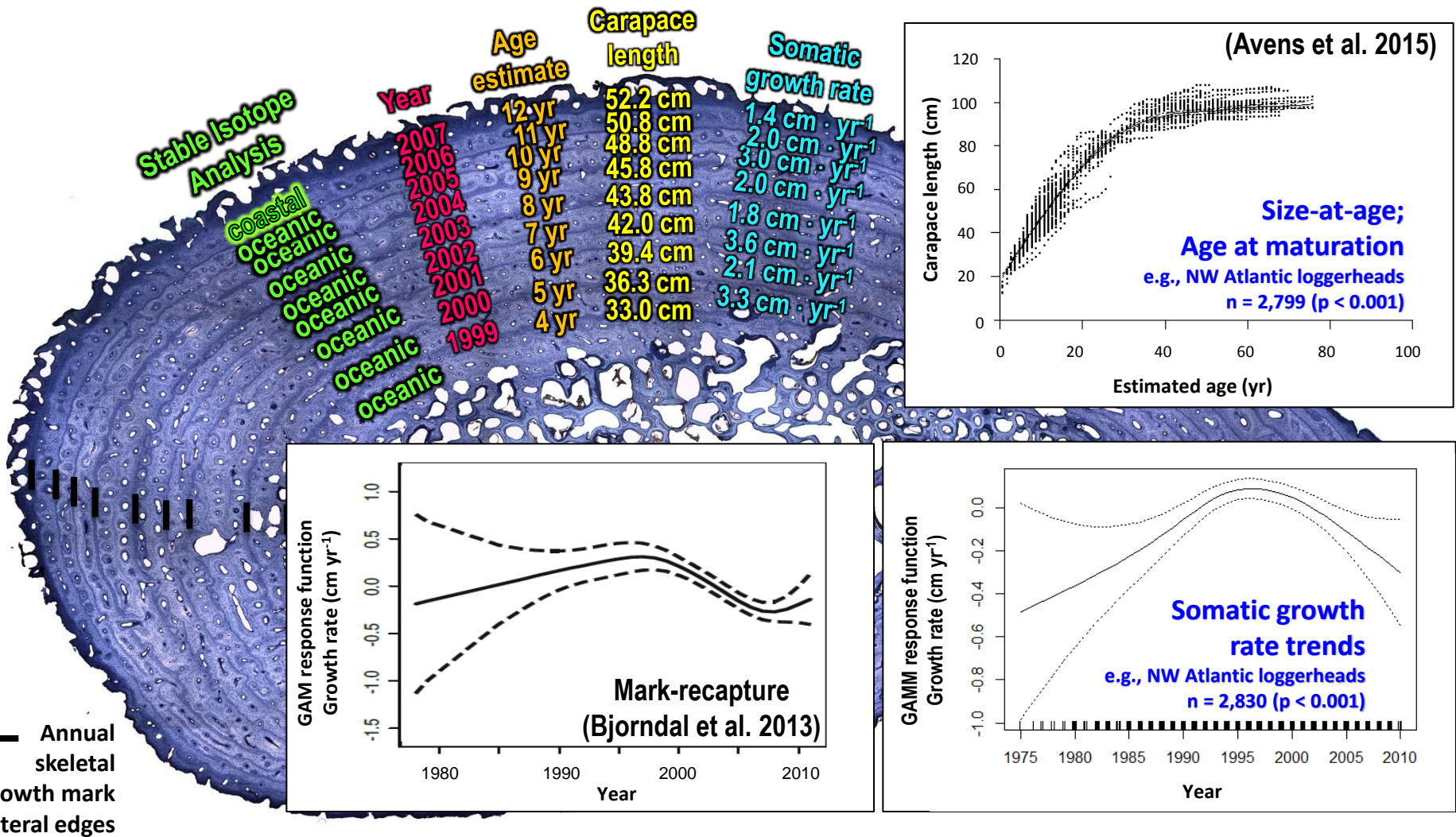
Modeling early mark deposition patterns to estimate # lost at center

Validating frequency of mark deposition

Validating bone measure:carapace length relationship

Estimating age
Back-calculating
size-at-age and
growth rates

2. Life history/vital rates/demographics



2. Life history/vital rates/demographics

Survival rates

- Capture-mark-recapture studies
 - *transients* (Sasso et al. 2006)
- Strandings data (catch-curve analyses)
(Turtle Expert Working Group 2000)
- Satellite telemetry (PAT tags; known-fate models)
 - *oceanic juveniles*
 - *nesting females*



2. Life history/vital rates/demographics

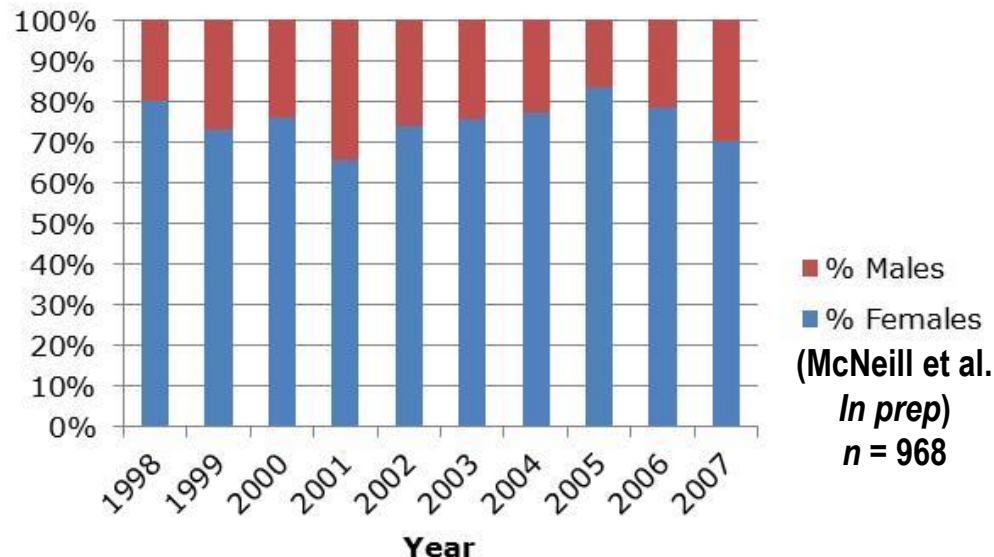
Sex ratios:

- plasma testosterone
- laparoscopy

(Braun-McNeill et al. 2007)

Neritic juvenile loggerheads

Sex ratio - 3F:1M



Monitoring population sex ratios:

- variability (life stages, locations)
- long-term trends

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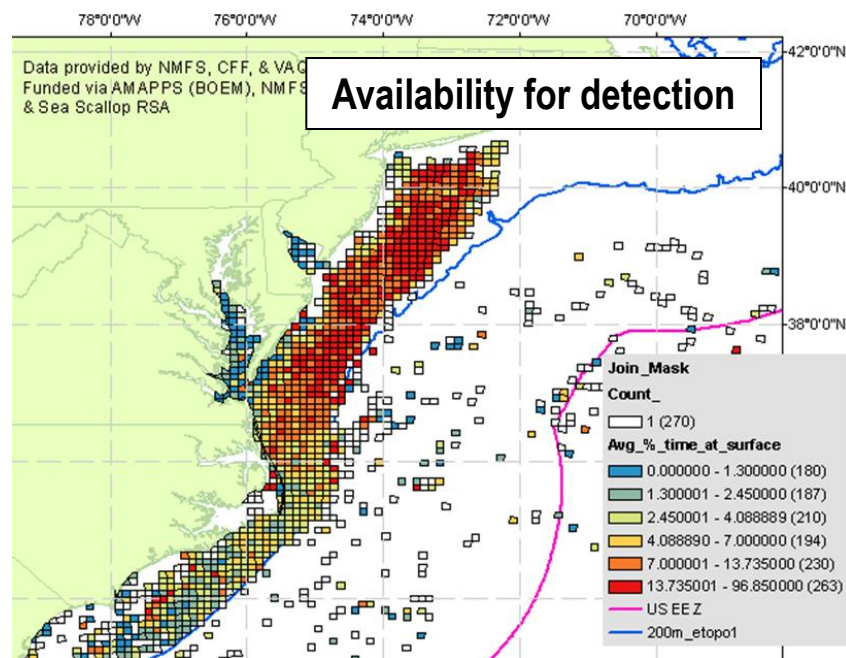
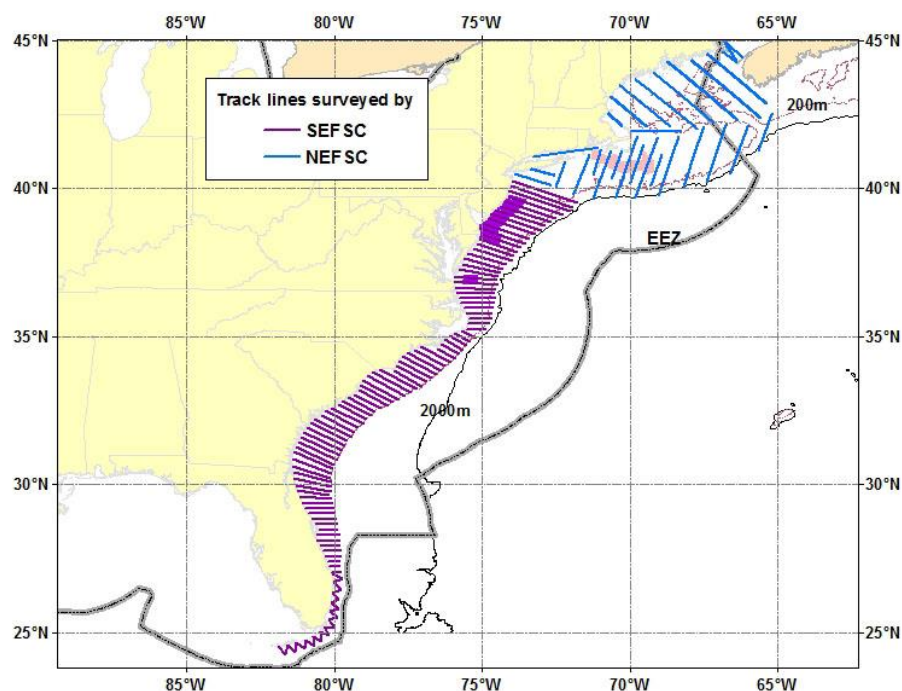
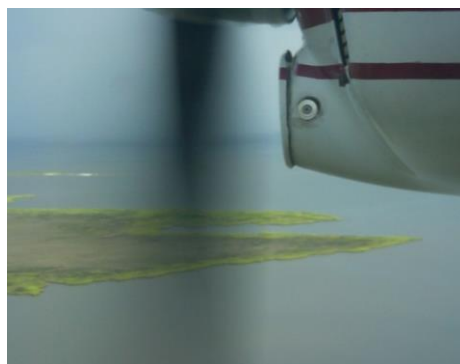
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3. Abundance

Aerial surveys

AMAPPS

(NEFSC 2011)



3. Abundance

Vessel line transect surveys

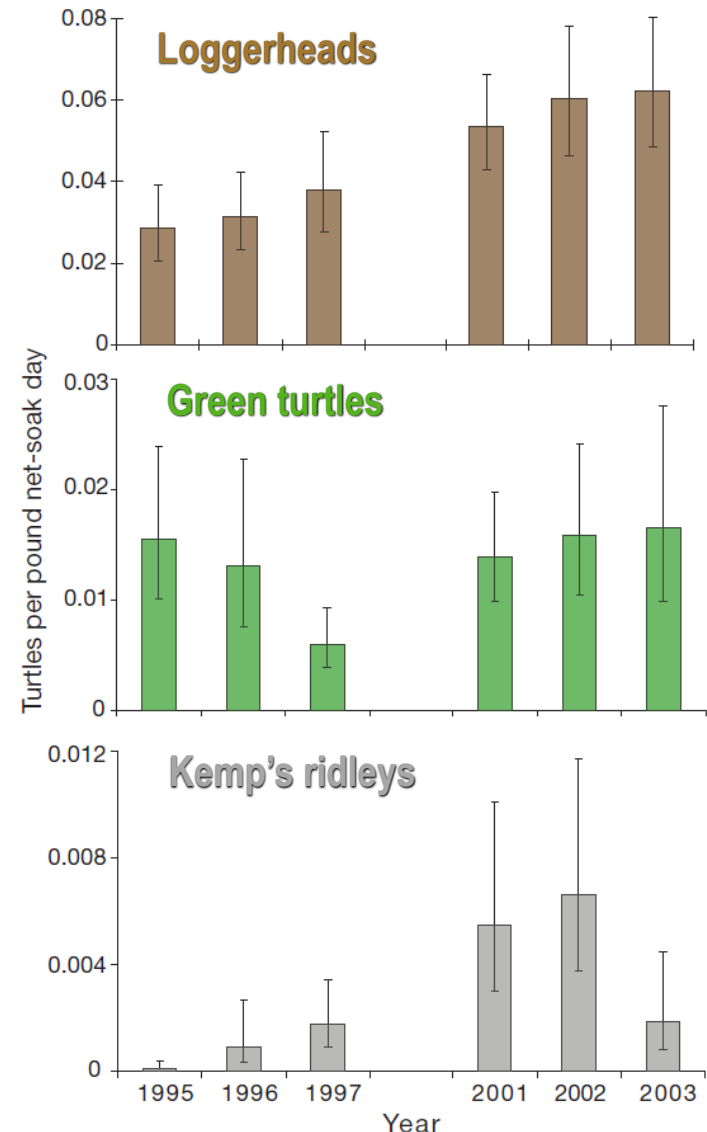
Capture-mark-recapture studies

- fishery-dependent (1995 – 2009)
 - *targeted sampling* (Sasso et al. 2007)
 - *trends in catch rates*
- fishery-independent



NC Trends in Catch Rates

Epperly et al. (2007)



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4. Anthropogenic impacts

Health assessment

- **Baseline health parameters**

Hematology

Plasma biochemistry

Antibiotic resistance

Body condition indices

(Rousselet et al. 2013; Kelly et al. 2015)

Contaminant analysis

- **Tissue studies**

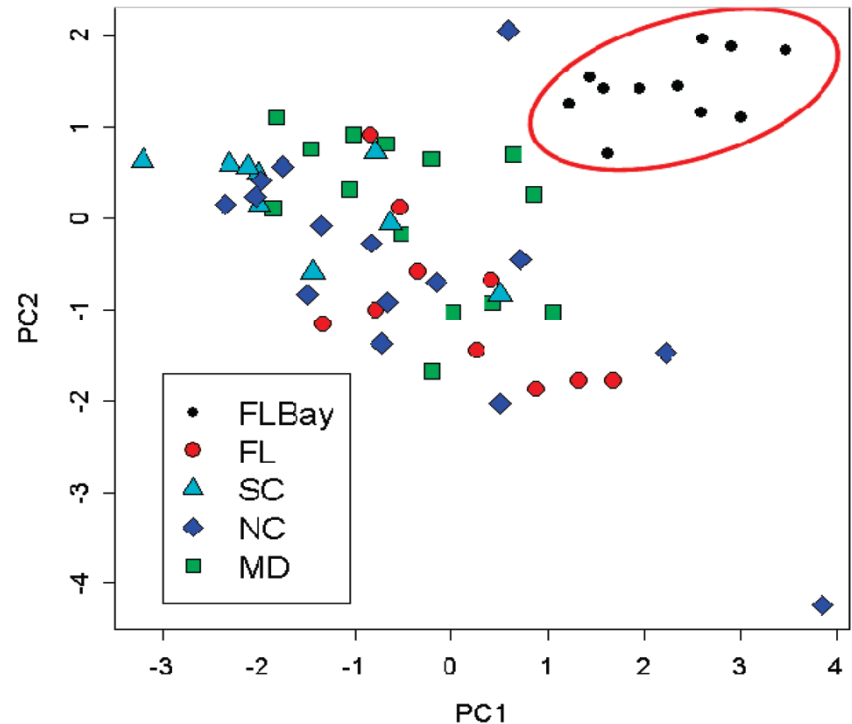
Biomarkers

Cell culture development

(Webb et al. 2014)

- **Contaminants and health**

(Keller et al. 2004)



- **Spatial and temporal trends**
e.g., Perfluorinated Contaminants (PFCs)
(O'Connell et al. 2010)

4. Anthropogenic impacts

Health and Contaminants

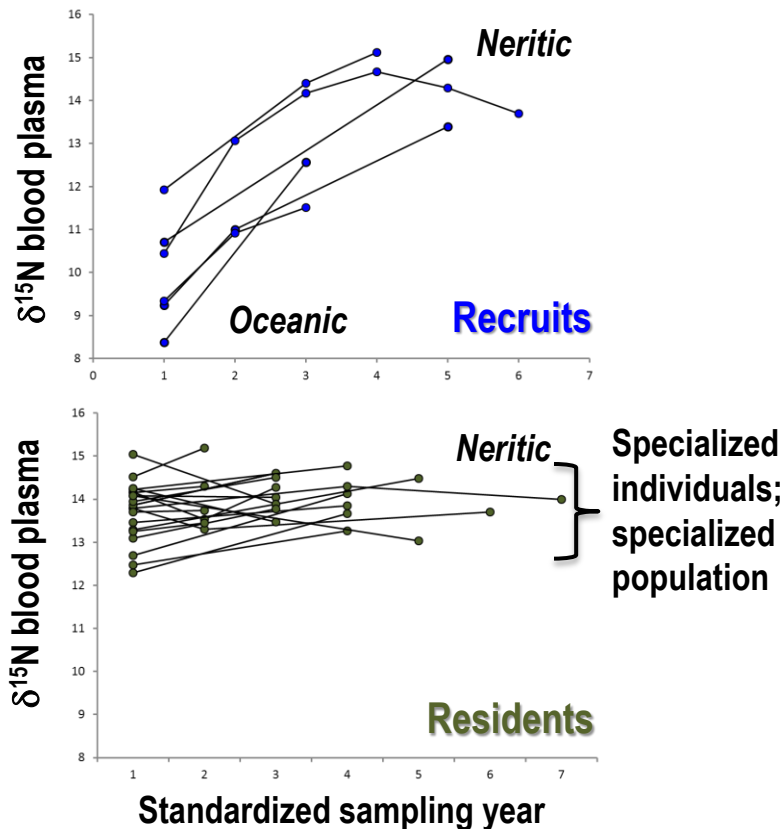
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6. Ecology

Stable Isotope Analysis

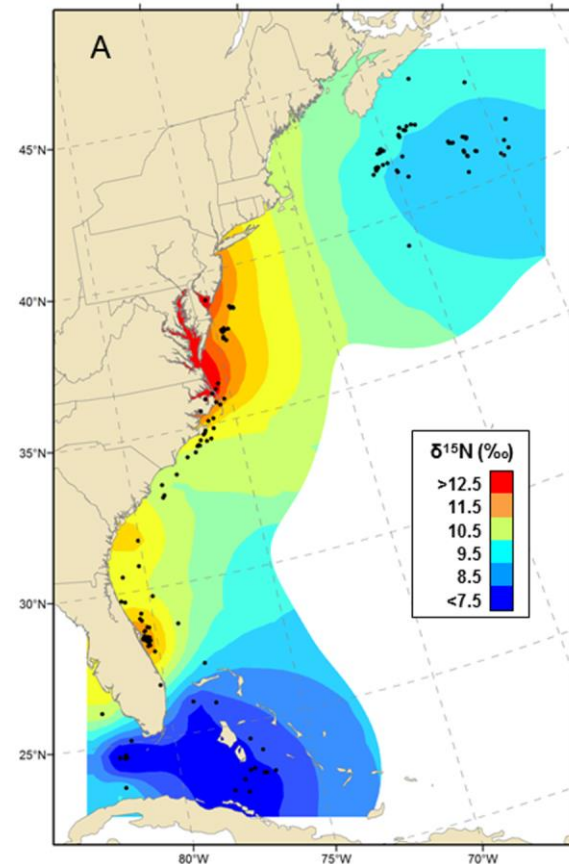
- Habitat shifts
- Trophic niche width and trends



(Goodman Hall et al., *In Press*, MEPS)

+ Telemetry

- Isoscapes



(Ceriani et al. 2014)

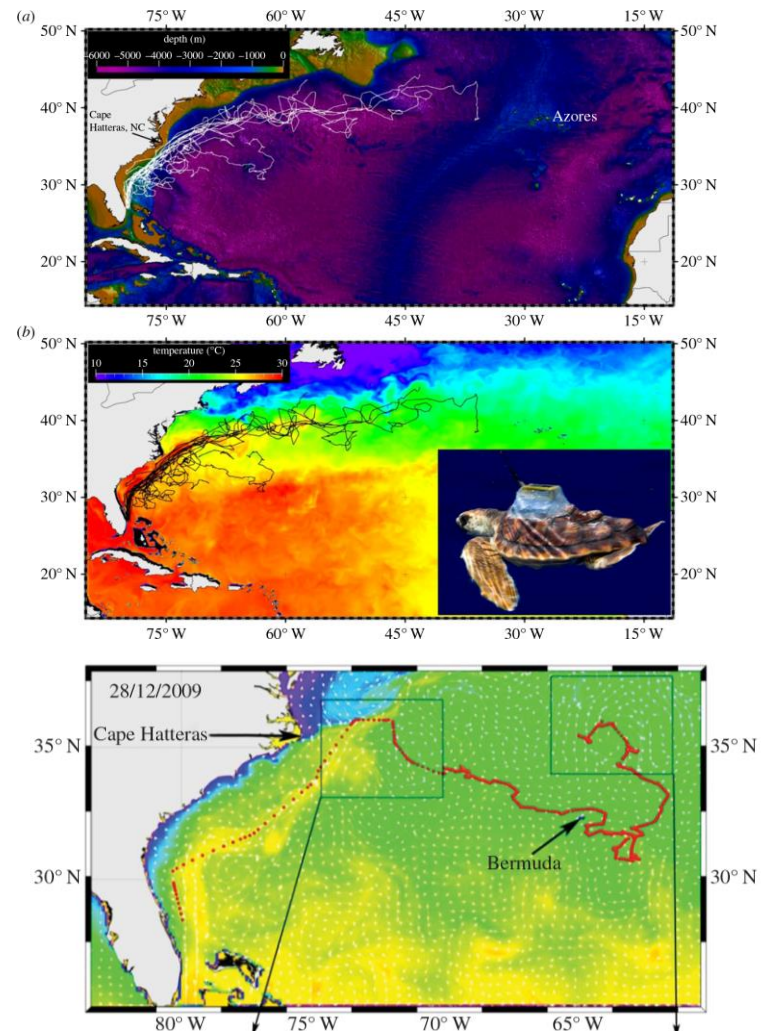
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Behavioral observations (ROV)



(Smolowitz et al. 2015)

Integrating telemetry and environmental data



(Mansfield et al. 2014)

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Opportunistic data collection

Large-scale cold stun events (e.g., FL 2010)



Morphometrics (sex-specific)

Full necropsy

determine sex (population sex ratio) **DEMOGRAPHICS**

baseline organ weights

evaluate body condition **ANTHROPOGENIC**

document anomalies **IMPACTS**

Samples collected

age and growth estimation (humerus) **LIFE HISTORY**

stable isotope analysis (skin) **ECOLOGY**

genetics (muscle) **POPULATION IDENTIFICATION**

contaminants (muscle, liver) **ANTHROPOGENIC**

body condition (liver, fat) **IMPACTS**

GI tracts (diet analysis) **ECOLOGY**

(Avens et al. 2012)



SEFSC and NEFSC Sea Turtle Data Collection

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Challenges

- Biological characteristics
- Geographic scope
- Number of species and life stages

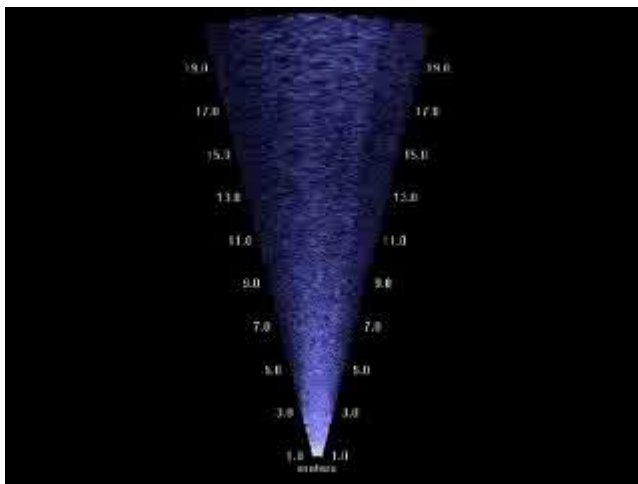
Strengths

- Diverse expertise
- Collaboration
- Innovation

Current developments

Advanced technologies

Acoustic
imaging
(Didson,
Aris)



AUV-borne
side-scan
sonar
surveys

Small Unmanned Aircraft Systems (sUAS)



Primary collaborators: National Ocean Service National Centers for Coastal Ocean Science and Office of Coast Survey; Coonamessett Farm Foundation; NOAA Unmanned Aircraft Systems Program; Fisheries and Oceans Canada

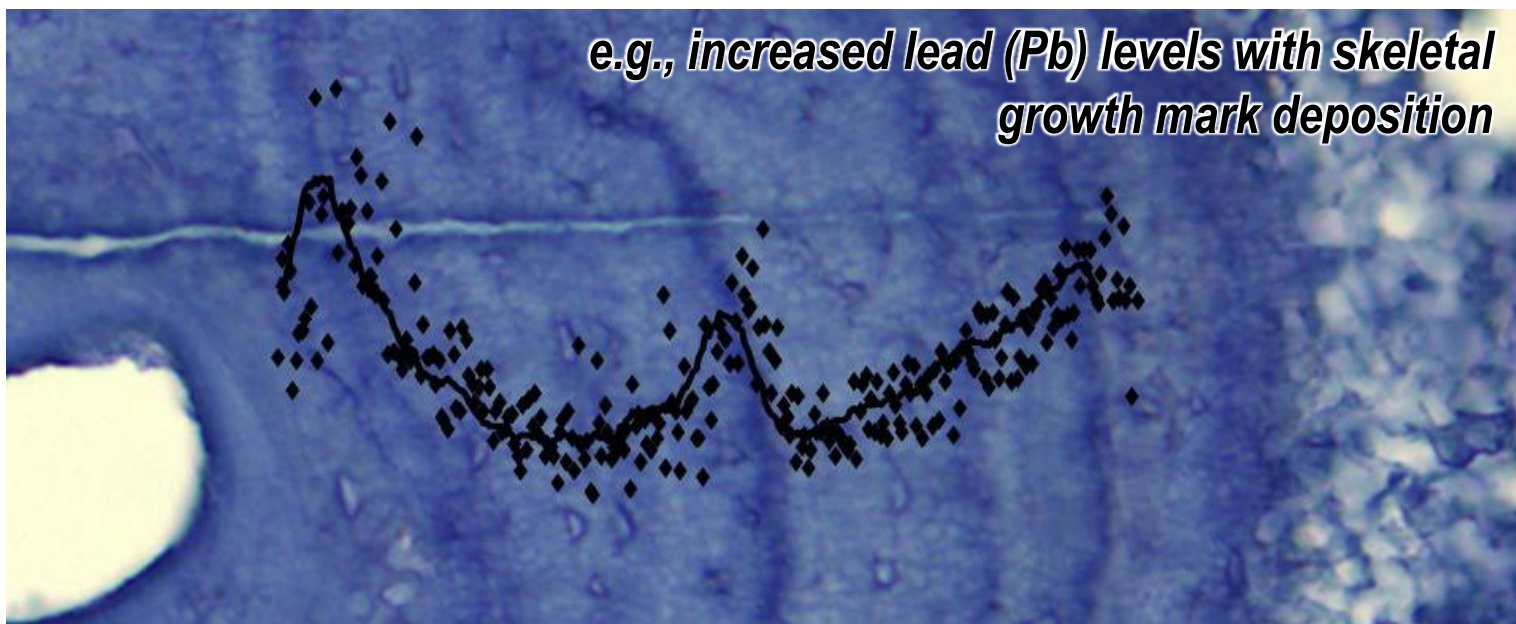
Current developments

Cooperative acoustic receiver arrays

Refined integration of skeletal growth mark,
stable isotope & trace element analyses

(laser ablation inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry; LA-ICP-MS)

start of
ablation
traverse →



Discussion Topics

- Is the work we are doing reflective of scientific best practices?
- Do you see an opportunity for SEFSC to shift resources from an existing activity to deal with an unmet need?
- Discuss the major limitations/weaknesses on Sea Turtle research and how they could be resolved?